PEACEKEEPING INITIATIVES IN ACTION

Addressing Sexual Exploitation and Abuse

OVERVIEW

In 2016, 103 allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse were reported in UN field missions. 47% related to incidents that had occured before 2016.

2016

ALLEGATIONS OF SEXUAL EXPLOITATION AND ABUSE



2014

2015

- Incident occurred in the same year as it was reported
- Incident occurred before the year it was reported
- Incident date is unknown

2010

OF 103 ALLEGATIONS IN 2016

50% in MINUSCA (52 allegations, 65% occured before 2016)

18% in MONUSCO (19 allegations, 32% occured before 2016)

32% in 12 other missions (32 allegations)

PREVENTION



VETTING

To ensure that only individuals with the highest standards of integrity and professionalism are hired, the UN conducts vetting of individuals against records of prior misconduct while in the service of a UN mission.

Year	Average # of personnel vetted per month	Additional categories of personnel
2008	N/A	International civilian staff
2013	208	Individual military officers Individual police officers United Nations Volunteers
2016	2270	National civilian staff Consultants and contractors Military contingents Formed Police Units



In 2017, on average > 8,000 personnel vetted every month

Since 2015 T/PCCs are required to certify that individuals deployed have not committed, or been alleged to have committed, violations of international human rights law and international humanitarian law, or been repatriated on disciplinary grounds from a UN operation.

MANDATORY TRAINING

The prohibition of sexual exploitation and abuse is an essential component of training for all categories of personnel, both before deployment and after arrival in the mission.







DFS/DPKO provide T/PCCs with training materials on conduct and discipline, including sexual exploitation and abuse, for their pre-deployment training.

* T/PCCs = troop contributing and police contributing countries

ENFORCEMENT



TRANSPARENCY

The information provided on allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse has continuously expanded over the years, demonstrating the firm commitment of DFS/DPKO to increased transparency in this area.

Scope of information in SG report on Special Measures: + Number of allegations by mission and category of personnel + Respective year only

2007

Additional information New website features

Additional information provided in SG report:

- + Who is investigating
- + Investigation outcome + Action by UN and T/PCCs
- + Paternity claims
- Annex: status of allegations from 2010 onwards

Additional information provided in SG report:

- + Nationality
- + Interim action
- + Description of allegation
- + Outcome of paternity claims
- + Details of action by T/PCC + Criminal accountability

New website features

+ Detailed table, updated near real-time

Redesigned website on conduct and discipline in UN missions

- + Enhanced site structure + More comprehensive data
- section and analysis
- + Improved search function + Interactive timeline
- + Reporting mechanism

conduct.unmissions.org

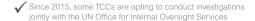
2017

INVESTIGATIONS

It is crucial that allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse are investigated thoroughly and in a timely manner.









AVERAGE DURATION OF INVESTIGATIONS (DAYS)



The Secretary-General has adopted a 6-month timeline for completing investigations. For serious cases, this timeline is shortened to 3 months.

ACCOUNTABILITY

The UN and its Member States are committed to taking decisive action to uphold our shared values and ensuring accountability when these values are violated.

INCREASING MEMBER STATES RESPONSE RATE

STRENGTHENING CIVILIAN ACCOUNTABILITY MEASURES

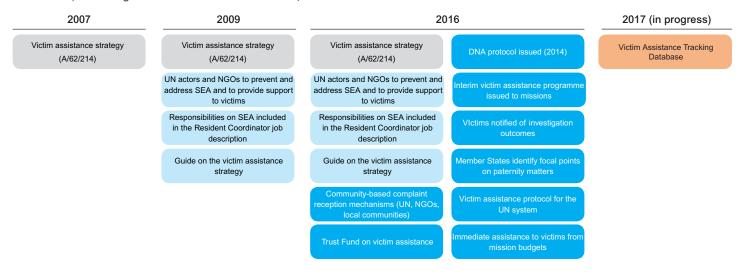


REMEDIAL ACTION



VICTIM ASSISTANCE

Since 2007, the support and assistance provided by the UN to victims of sexual exploitation and abuse has been strengthened with robust policies and mechanisms, and through coordination between UN entities, NGOs and Member States.



KEY FIGURES FOR TRUST FUND ON VICTIM ASSISTANCE

\$436,120 donated to trust fund by Japan, Norway, India, Bhutan, Cyprus

\$49,566 received from suspension of payments

OVERVIEW OF ASSISTANCE TO VICTIMS IN 2016

74% Received assistance (medical, psychosocial, legal, etc.)

10% Did not want assistance

16% Victim or location of victim unknown