ROTATIONS HOLD
FORCE ATTENTION

ROTATIONS HAVE BEEN
AND WILL continue to
be the main subjects of in-
terest in the Force for the
next few weeks. FINCON'S
rotation has already been
completed. DANCON and IB-
CON are presently rotating
and BRITCON, DANCON and
SWECON will shortly begin
their change-overs.

The rotation of the main
body of FINCON took place
between 27th and 30th of
last month, when 27 officers,
28 NCOs and 200 men arrived
at Nicosia to replace the out-
going YKSP 8. The new Con-
tingent, with responsibility
for the Nicosia East Area,
is commanded by Colonel
Otto Nuitalaanen.

On September 28, the ad-
continued page eight

DANCON MEDICS BEAT STORK BY
SCANT SIXTY MINUTES

Last week, the Danish medical team, based in Nicosia, received one of the
strongest requests that any UNFICYP unit has yet had to deal with, when on
Wednesday, they were called to the village of Kochati, fifteen miles south of
Nicosia to evacuate a Turkish-Cypriot woman, about to give birth, to hospital.
The team, headed by Doctor F. Fog-Møller, the DANCON medical officer, com-
pleted the move just in time, for less than an hour after arrival at the hospital,
the woman gave birth to a 6lb boy.

Security Council welcomes U Thant
move to stay on till year's end

THE UN SECURITY COUN-
CIL last week welcomed
Secretary-General U Thant's
willingness to continue at
his post until the end of the
current UN General Assem-
bl y session and said it would
meet with their general wish
if he were willing to serve
another term after the expi-
ration of his current one on
3rd November.

U Thant subsequently ex-
pressed his profound appre-
ciation of the sentiments ex-
pressed by the Council and a
UN spokesman said the Se-
cretary-General would, of
course, give the matter se-
rious consideration.

The views were presented
as a consensus and made
public following a closed
meeting of the 15-nation
body.

The statement referred to
the "great positive role
played by U Thant in the
activities of the United Na-
tions." If he should express
willingness to serve another
term, it said, this would
"fully meet the desires" of
the Council Members.

The hope that U Thant
would reconsider his decision
not to serve for another term
was also voiced by virtually
all speakers who addressed
the General Assembly during
its general debate last week.

GENERAL DEBATE CONTINUES

THE GENERAL DEBATE WHICH CON-
TINUED DURING THE PAST WEEK at
the UN General Assembly meeting at UN
Headquarters, was again dominated by expres-
sions of concern over the situation in Viet-
Nam and by calls for steps to speed up deco-
lonization and economic development.

France reaffirmed her view that it was
up to the United States to make the first
move towards peace in Viet-Nam by promising
to withdraw her troops within a set period of
time. M. Maurice Couve de Murville, the
French Foreign Minister, said the United
States, as a great Power and one of the main
causes of the military escalation, should make
the first move towards peace negotia-
tions.

M. Couve de Murville said the Viet-Na-
mese conflict was escalating the cold war
and curbing progress on such key problems as
dismantlement, conducted East-West aid to the
poorer countries, and the seating of China
in the United Nations. However, he added,
this dark picture was lightened by events in
Europe, where ideological or military rival-
ries between West and East were yielding to
a general desire to restore normal relations.
If not interrupted by a world cataclysm, he
said, this evolution would in due course lead
to a constructive discussion on Germany, the
foremost remaining problem.

Repeating briefly to the
French Minister's remarks
about Viet-Nam, US Ambassa-
dor Arthur Goldberg said no
peace approach would be ef-
fective if it appealed to one
side only in the Viet-Nam
conflict to stop its military
action. He said that last week's
US proposals for reciprocal
de-escalation were equitable,
and hoped all UN members,
especially those with historical
or other ties with Viet-Nam,
would give them the same ca-
cerfain scrutiny as the parties
directly concerned were said
to be doing according to press
dispatches.

Malaysia's Deputy Prime Mi-
nister, Tun Abdul Razak bin
Hussein, urged all Members to
help bring the immediate par-
continued page eight
En halv Besant og en engelsk Penny

Paa et eller andet tidspunkt under et Cypern-ophold bliver ved de fleste friinger at øves sig en gammel munt til mindre om tiden. Men det er nok ikke saa mange, der finder tid til at tagvagteret på et oplysende forfatning for at blive taget ved adfærd, eller man erker, at man ikke har forstand paan munter.

Det er naturligvis umuligt i en kort artikel som denne at give en fuldstandig vejledning i hvordan man finder sjoflere og interessante munter til spørgsmålet, men artiklen viser, at det kan lade sig gøre, og at de ikke er saa svært endda.

Faktaer er sjoflere og forekommer faktisk kun blandt scinene. Tyve sjomontører fra den græske eller romaniske alder, og saa Hansa-guldstaker, men de disse som regel ligger i et sanntid præludium, at kun de færdige vil munte om at købe dem, har det ingen praktisk bety- 

ning. Bromemunter er altsaa, men selve, de ses ikke sikre for longt, og en engelsk penny er en betydelig beløb, hvor private borgere kan se det ud. Derudover er det umuligt for at se de mange munter, som man i Nicius er der flere forretninger, der, ved siden af hvad der ellers maatte handle med, ogsaa har en skål med gamle mønter. Det er umuligt denne genstandes indhold igen. De mere mønter er samme alle videre, men finder man for eksempel en tysk bromem- 

enter, der ligner krummer lidt, og man paa holsiden kan se et g 


glede eller en skibsværft, saa skal man ikke betinke sig paa at betale 500 mules for munter, den er nemlig fikskand.

I midtlandet lavede man ret synderligt. Der et tredje andet altid et kors paass den ene side, og er der yderligere fire runde kors mel- 

ten, som beskyttede koret. Der var talrige, at mange mennesker i den selve dagen paa en munte. Munderen er et kendt stort kors og en eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste eneste enest
**UN STAMPS AVAILABLE AT EXPO '67**

**ROD SAFETY AND YOU**

The specially designed UN stamps, in denominations of 4, 5, 10 and 20 cents, will be valid for mailing only at the UN Pavilion. The UN post office at the exhibit will provide first-class and second-class postal services at prevailing rates, while the stamps themselves will be produced in Chicago.

The UNPA stamp honouring the UN Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus has been withdrawn from circulation — the last day of sale was 1 September 1968. And, remember, these stamps have been prepared to pay tribute to United Nations Observers who were stationed at the base on sale on 25 October, 1967.

**History of Royal Welch Fusiliers**

**III: WORLD WAR I — WORLD WAR II (1914—1939)**

**A T THE OUTBREAK OF THE FIRST WORLD WAR, the 1st Battalion of the Regiment was stationed in Malta and the 2nd at Portland. During the war the Regiment comprised forty-two battalions and nearly ten thousand officers and men of these battalions gave their lives for their country. Seven VCs were won.**

The 2nd Battalion were first to engage the enemy and had fought at Mons, Le Cateau, the Marne and the Aisne before the 1st Battalion, released from Malta could join them. The latter landed at Zeebrugge in October, 1914, with the 7th Division and marched to Ypres. There, L/d Gren medoc and Choul- velle whilst the 2nd Battalion transferred north from the Aisne with the 7th Division, was beating off German attacks near la Roz- scoé, the first battalion was detached to the Somme to keep the enemy from seizing the Chateau. After October 14th they went into action eleven hundred and fifty strong — on the 31st of the same month in spite of heavy fire received their first reinforcements. There were but ninety men left.

Twelve battalions of the forty-two fought in France. The 5th, 6th, 7th Battalions — of 5th Welsh Division and the 8th Battalion fought at Gallipoli in 1915, after which 5th (Welsh) Di- vision was disbanded. It was then the 29th Division and after the 8th Battalion fought in the desperate bat- tles for Kut el Amara. In 1917 the 11th Battalion in Macedonia won the battle of Kumanovo and the Russian Canal S3 (Welsh) Division — from 1918 through 1919, was then the Russian army was started and the 17th Division and were the first troops to cross the River Vitocco di Vittorio Veneto.

Both regular battalions returned to the British Isles at the end of the Great War, the 2nd Battalion Limerick and the first Battalion to overseas before embarking for India. During the next few years the Regi- ment saw service in Warrin- gton, Bikaner, and Cyprus.

In Ireland in 1922 the 2nd Battalion had an unhappy time with internal security duties. In August 1922, the same battalion provided a guard at Buckingham and St James’s Palace, then to join the British Ar- my of the Rhine. It returned to Ireland in 1929. It is here that the 1st Welsh Fusiliers have been present on parade with the ‘March of the Royal Welch Fusiliers’.

During the 1939 war the 3rd Battalion saw service in Gil- lin, China and India and more recently in Norway and Svalbard, Home the 2nd Battalion in India, the 1st and the 2nd Battalions were engaged on auxiliary duties.

**Advance party already in position**

The advance party of eighty members, under Capt. H.E. Wootton, was already in position by the time the 5th/6th Battalion arrived in Cyprus at the beginning of October 1918.

**Other Rotations**

Five other contingents of UNFICYP are rotating through the island at the following times:—

- **Pitscon** 27th to 30th September: New Commander
- **Cancun** 3rd to 6th October: New Battalion Commander
- **16th Battalion and Chief Instuctri**
- **Grenator 27th to 30th September: New Command**
- **Cancun** 3rd to 6th October: New Battalion Commander
- **16th Battalion and Chief Instructional Officer, Military School, Military Colleges**

Lt Col J. W. Col, GD 6th Infantry Group welcomes his successor Mr. Col W. H. Antony, Col, 7th Infantry Group, at Nicosia Airport.

**CASSON COMMISSION FOR UN PAVILION AT EXPO ‘67**

The appointment of Peter Casson as Commissioner-General of the Pavilion on the United Nations at the Canadian World Exhibi- tion (EXPO ’67) was announced by the World Feder- ation of United Nations As- sociations (WFUNA) in New York last week.

The Pavilion on the United Nations is being presented under the auspices of WFUNA.

It will be helpful to reflect on the purposes, activities and roles of the United Nations and its affiliated agencies, and the work of WFUNA. A feature of the Pavilion will be the launch of a time capsule for United Nations stamps in Canadian museums. These stamps will be valid for mailing from the Pavilion at EXPO ’67.
Vilken haaglig revansch 3-2 i retur mot Danmark

Det var början av våren på Eiktarnas Old City, Fangamista i första omgängen. Det var 1600 anställda, svenskor och tjeckar, som hade fika för att de var vård. Det var landskapslantmätning och andra på det på det! Första Swedish sedan Tre Allegri skulle inte afdje. De skulle reagera! Och det erövrade de danskere med 3-2!


Danskarna öppnade starkt efter pausen och "Malmskis Arvid" gick in ett par kalasåderningar, men måste kapitulera i 14:e min 30 då vi ser. Pedersen noterade till 2-1.

Det blev fortsatt dansk premien men nu minst senten lyckades centerpsen Hans Johanssen gera psykologisk 3-1. Fortsatt dansk premi och som stod tiden ut.

Men det var nervspännande inom dödszonens prickig led. Danskarna svärde runt det svenska baren och en kvinnings lång många mycket nära till.

Men Trost Melchior och han tapper pojkar red ut storstenen.

Och det blev en härlig seger! Efter tioomes gemensam mid-dag på Carl Gustaf Camp.

Volley-bolllig 3-2

De våra svarede för ett ny istopp på söndagen då danskarna skog tillbaka i volley-boll mot samma siffer som i fotboll 3-2.

I huvudet som spelades samma dag på Carl Gustaf Camp. Sepp, danskarna emellertid med 2017, exakt samma resultat som i fotbollen.

En intensiv internationell lyckostarktseende, där de blagala känns en nöjd med utgången.


Päälakkamuramiehentodistoksin piillähköä, eversti Jutila ja int. int. Pontonien liitetin kaikkaa niitäikkeitä museomessa koconomin liikennetukia ja Liittomens kansallistöä.

"Vierailuja ja Viihdyvyydestä"

Jos vit, 9


Kouluopiskelut hyvä liike

Pikku ittittuettu saa manomaisin kouluun ennen opiskelua parannuksia. Meidän on ollut niin tiukas että niin monia on ollut tapahtumia. Saamme hyvän kurssikurssin.

Hyvät opiskelijat: aina syväntapauksesta huolimatta kuultakaa loppuun laajennuksiin, joissa on ohjelmistoa sekä liikuntatapa hoitojärjestelyihin.

Todettakoon, että täällä on moni pimeänä päivänä kerättyäkin tietoa, vaikka mitä se onnittaa. Olen yhä mielelläni niin syväntapauksesta, että sitä on ollut hyvin jossakin täällä.

"LIKENNE – TURVALLISUUS – UDDESTA"

A ja mitä aiemmin usein ra- nia, että tulevat ankenien järjestelyissä on tällä hetkellä taloudellisiin vaikutuksissa. Varo luumuskalustoja. Palme- rat vedellähdyksenkin edellyttää ol- tavan niin usein
täällä, että niin syväntapaukseen

se on ollut hyvin jossakin täällä.
Afro-Asian moves over SW Africa and other territories

THE UN GENERAL ASSEMBLY LAST WEEK EXPRESSED grave concern that the "aggressive policies" of South Africa represented a serious threat to the sovereignty of the neighboring territories of Bechuanaland, Basutoland and Swaziland on the eve of their independence from Great Britain.

The Assembly also took up an African-Asian call for UN take-over of the administration of South-West Africa with a view to speedy independence for the territory, now administered by South Africa.

In its resolution on Bechuanaland, Basutoland and Swaziland, the General Assembly warned that any South African attempt to encroach on the sovereignty of these states would be regarded by the United Nations as "an act of aggression." It drew the Security Council's attention to the threat represented by South Africa's "racing regime." The resolution also urged contributions to the UN Fund set up last year for the economic development of South Africa and Portugal, against the resolution, South Africa protesting that it had voiced no threats against the territories and had given assurances that it had no intention to dominate them.

Ambassador D. P. de Villiers of South Africa told the Assembly that any UN attempt to take over any of the African territories would be an unwarranted intrusion on a peaceful group of peoples working out their own destiny and interfering with a Government determined to meet its responsibilities. So it was not in his country's interest to see what consequences would ensue, he said.

GDR AGAIN PRESSES FOR MEMBERSHIP

THE GERMANY DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC last week again pressed its application for membership of the United Nations, reiterating its view that European peace and security would also be served by a full and equal role for the Federal Republic of Germany.

TURKISH NATIONAL CONTINGENT ROTATION

ROTATION OF THE TURKISH National Contingent in Cyprus, for which UNFICYP provided inland transportation, escorts and observers, took place between 15-18 October. The 36 officers, 29 NCOs and 261 other ranks arrived at Famagusta, as ordered by the Turkish troopship 'Bash Hesen' to replace 38 officers, 30 NCOs and 258 other ranks from the Contingent area at Orta Keli.

GENERAL

ties in the Viet-Nam conflict to the conference table for a peace settlement. Recalling the proposals by his country along with the Philippines and Thailand for an all-Asian peace initiative, he said the purpose was to get the Support by the High Governments to open discussions — without suggesting, much less imposing, a solution.

The Malaysian Deputy Prime Minister also referred to the rapporteur's report on the Philippines and Indonesia as a major contribution to the progressive stabilization of Southeast Asia.

People's Republic of China was the greatest State in the world and nothing could be solved until it took her rightful seat in the UN.

Foreign Ministers Vaclav David of Czechoslovakia and Ivan Bashev of Bulgaria supported the demands of the Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam for a halt to US bombing, a full US withdrawal from South Vietnam, and recognition of the National Liberation Front, political wing of the Viet-Cong.

The Foreign Minister of Denmark, Mr. Per Haackepp, said that military disengagement would have to be progressive and reciprocal. He verified by some international discussions that the agreements such as the 1954 Geneva machinery, with perhaps some aid from the United Nations.

Calls for a speedy end to colonialism also figured prominently in statements made by African speakers.

Vice President Jose Murumbi of Kenya, Foreign Ministers Atto Keteema Yirra of Ethiopia, Sam Adaka of Uganda, and Pierre Iliboutou of Upper Volta, and General Chief Abeo of Nigeria, generally urged mandatory sanctions against the white minority regime in Rhodesia, along with stronger UN action to compel Portugal to relinquish her hold on African territories under her rule, and to get South Africa to give up her racial policies.

The dangers posed by the widening gap between the rich and the poor nations was another theme emphasized by speakers from various parts of the world and Latin American countries in particular.

Steps to secure better terms of trade and an increased flow of development capital for developing lands were urged by Foreign Ministers Antonio Carvalho Flores of Mexico, German Zenel Oficna, Salamanda Stara of Ecuador, Jorge Vasquez-Salas of Peru, Nicarano Costas, Mendez of Argentina, Luis Vidal Zagio of Uruguay and Fernando Lara of Costa Rica.

DEBATE CONTINUES

...from page 1

The Foreign Minister of Turkey, Mr. Isahat Sabri Chaglayangil, said that the Turkish community in Cyprus was still deprived of its most elementary rights and that the UN Peace-keeping Force in the island has all but kept an uneasy truce, but that the current Greco-Turkish talks offered some hope.

The Minister believed that the very fact that the talks were taking place was an encouraging sign, and hoped they would pave the way to harmony and concord between the communities.

"We are convinced," said Mr. Chaglayangil, "that time is on-no-one's side and that we all stand to gain enormous-ly from an honourable settlement which will safeguard the legitimate interests of all concerned. But we must also realise that if we fail to reach it we are faced with the present situation and cannot go on.

Therefore, the Turkish Foreign Minister said, there must be a return to normal conditions on the island so as to enable the Turkish community to lead a life free from threats, military and economic pressure, and to enjoy fully their human rights. "It will, therefore," he added, "be necessary to maintain the UNFICYP for an indefinite period and at the same time bring about conditions in which the United Nations can discharge all the duties entrusted to it by the resolution of the Security Council."

Mr. Spyros Kyprianou, Foreign Minister of Cyprus, re-plied that the Turkish statement, rejected the allegations of opposition against the Turkish community. "I would like to register my disagreement — indeed my strong objections, to specific references to the internal situation in Cyprus," he said.

AND ON THE CYPRUS QUESTION

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