

THE BLUE BERET (UNFICYP EDITION)

Monday 18 May 1964



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No 5

FIRST STEPS TOWARDS NORMALITY

EFFORTS BY UNFICYP TO HELP CYPRUS ECONOMY

DURING THE PERIOD THAT THE UNITED NATIONS FORCE IN CYPRUS HAS BEEN OPERATIONAL MODEST, THOUGH SIGNIFICANT, GAINS HAVE BEEN MADE TOWARDS RESTORING NORMAL CONDITIONS IN THE ISLAND.

Beside the military role UNFICYP has a role at the political level. Militarily its aim is to stop the fighting and ease tension; politically its aim is to help revive the economy and stabilize the life of the island.

The plans which are made by officials at the highest level are implemented by the soldiers of UNFICYP who come into direct contact with the local people.

Of great importance at this time of the year is harvesting the first phase involving harvesting in the mixed areas began on Saturday 10 May. The second phase, which concerns areas where farmers have abandoned their property, will begin when the first phase is seen to be proceeding satisfactorily.

The United Nations Force give every assistance, including protection to implement those harvesting arrangements in the Nicosia Zone. So far, soldiers of the Canadian and Finnish Contingents are helping to protect harvesters in certain villages of the Nicosia area.

Arrangements have been made with the Cyprus Grain Commission and the Turkish Cypriot Co-operatives for the grain to be released for sale some 10 tons of grain from last year's harvest.

Efforts are being made to open the Cyprus Seed Storage Plant. Before this can be achieved a few technicalities such as the repair of machinery have to be resolved.

The Cold Storage Plant in the northern part of Nicosia has been out of action for several months. Arrangements have now been made for two technicians to supervise the functioning of the machine. Inspection of the food for its correct storage, and the opportunity for Greek

Cypriot and Turkish Cypriot merchants to purchase items from the store.

The Citrus crop is one of the mainstays of the economy of Cyprus and steps have been taken so that oranges and strawberries destined for export can be transported to Nicosia for shipment abroad.

One of the major ways in which the soldiers of UNFICYP play such a significant part is in the escorting of convoys. Convoys of Citrus food for export have been protected by troops and on Sunday the 10th May UNFICYP soldiers escorted the first convoy of 16 lorries from Famagusta to Nicosia — thus enabling Turkish Cypriot merchants in Nicosia to move merchandise which had been cleared by the customs authorities in Famagusta. Similar convoys are expected to come to the capital every Friday.

In the medical field considerable attention is being given to the problem of displaced persons. Their health and food problems are being solved with the assistance of the Joint Relief Commission.

Steps have also been taken, with the help of the International Red Cross and Red Crescent, for the transport and distribution of food and medicine to needy areas.

Steps have been taken to re-establish the country's postal services and attempts are being made to start negotiations aimed at normalizing the country's telephone and telegraph service.

The problem of missing

ARRIVAL OF GALO PLAZA

On Thursday 14th May, the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Cyprus arrived at Nicosia airport at 19.00 hrs. He was greeted by the mediator, Sakari TUOMIOJA, the Deputy Commander of UNFICYP Maj-Gen R.M.P. CARVER and the senior political adviser in UNFICYP Alejandro FLORES.

Galo PLAZA, who was appointed Special Representative of U THANT on the 11th May, was born in New York in 1906. At the time his father, General Leonidas PLAZA, was Minister of Ecuador to the United States. Galo PLAZA was educated in Quito, Ecuador, and attended the Universities of California and Maryland, where he studied agriculture, and Georgetown School of Foreign Service.

In 1936 he was elected mayor of Quito and in 1938 became Minister of Defence — a position he held for two years.

From 1940 until his appointment in Cyprus as Special Representative of the Secretary-General he has held several official appointments in his own country and in the United Nations. Between times he has returned to private business activities and to-day is actively engaged in several projects connected with the agricultural development of Ecuador.

Among the official appointments which Mr. PLAZA has held are Ambassador to the

persons is being tackled in co-operation with the International Red Cross and investigations are being carried out by the UNFICYP Civilian Police.

In all these fields the soldiers of UNFICYP are involved and much of the success depends on their efforts to put into reality the plans of the high-level officials. The task is not easy and needs the co-operation of the people of both communities in a spirit of confidence and trust and a peaceful atmosphere.

United States 1944—1946, President of Ecuador 1948—1952 (his father had also been President 1902—1906, 1912—1916), Chairman of the United Nations Observation Group in Lebanon 1958, Chairman of the study group of the United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America (which prepared the basis for the Latin American common market) 1959-1960, Chairman of a study group on administration of the Kamina and Kitona Bases in the Congo 1960 and President of Ecuador's Development Bank 1960-1964.

During 1946 Mr. PLAZA attended the San Francisco Conference, where the United Nations Charter was written, as a member of his country's delegation.

Mr. Galo PLAZA has been appointed Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Cyprus to strengthen the political arm of the United Nations Force in Cyprus and also to help the task of the mediator. His main task will be to deal with the objectives outlined by U THANT in his report to the Security Council on the 29th April 1964 in which the Secretary-General said "The mission in Cyprus needs urgently to be strengthened by the addition of a top-level political officer, who, on behalf of the Secretary-General, could conduct negotiations for the implementation of the programme outlined below." This programme dealt with such matters as freedom of movement, removal of fortified positions, disarming of civilians, and normal functioning of official departments of the government.



The BLUE BERET is published by the Information Office of the United Nations Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP). Communications, articles or enquiries should be addressed to:-

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CYPRUSCOPE WINDY CROSSING

We apologise for an error in our last week's issue of "The Blue Beret" in an article announcing the arrival of the Danish Contingent.

Inadvertently - no doubt due to the recent strong winds in Cyprus - we had written "The main body of the contingent will be blown over on the 20th May".

We hope that in spite of this the Danish contingent will have a smooth flight.

INCIDENT REPORT

Amongst the many reports on incidents received by UNFICYP from all over the island the following was received at 13.10 hrs on the 14th May. "A local Cypriot reports that 25 UNFICYP soldiers approached him whilst he was working in his field near KATHASI and shot two of his oxen despite his efforts to intervene."

At the same time it was reported from Limassol District that at PHILOUSA "an UNFICYP patrol, shot a cow that had been bitten by a snake and was in a bad way."

THE SHAMROCK

In the 5th century AD Niall of the Nine Hostages swept along the coast of Europe, made sallies inland and brought back to Ireland numbers of hostages. One of the hostages brought back was a little boy who afterwards tended swine on the lonely slopes of "Slagh Mis". This little boy became Saint Patrick the patron Saint of Ireland and almost of the whole world. On the 17th March each year people of all nationalities gather together and joyously celebrate his feast day. It is an occasion of well wishing and unity and the wearing of the shamrock. The shamrock was used by Saint Patrick in his teaching to illustrate unity and is a reminder of the results which can emerge from fortitude, patience and perseverance.

It is worn in many lands on Saint Patrick's day. To-day the shamrock is worn with the emblem of the United Nations on the brazier of the Irish officers and men serving in Cyprus, the Congo and in the Middle East.

SNIPPETS

SAW RED

A recent arrival in UNFICYP was travelling from Nicosia towards Paphos on the North Coast Road. On seeing the colour of the sea at Xeros he exclaimed "Oh look, we've hit the Red Sea."

BELLIFANT

Q. Why do elephants sit two in the front and two in the back of a Volkswagen?
A. Because it's a four-seater.

THE CYPRUS TREE

Some years ago the following interesting account "The Cyprus Tree" appeared in *Embros*, the English daily edited by Mr. G. B. PUSEY.

The amusing poem published here is inspired by the unique Cyprus law whereby purchase of land does not necessarily entail ownership of the trees thereon. The unfortunate, who penned these lines, having first bought a piece of land, afterwards with much difficulty acquired the "controlling" interest in an olive tree, only to find the olives on the tree were still not his. The deal was finally settled with the cutting down of the tree, the proceeds of the sale of the wood being distributed among seven people interested! He still retains six-sevenths ownership of three other trees on his land, but intends to leave the deal at that!

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I bought a field in Cyprus where grew an olive tree,
I watered it and pruned it with assiduity
Until I found I owned the ground but did not own the tree.
I bought the tree; for weeks I thought the haggling would never stop
Now I can pick my olives and start a little shop.
"Oh no!" they said, "you've bought the tree but not the olive crop."

At least I can sit under it; a little seat I made
Where I could smoke my cigarette and drink my lemonade.
But no, although the tree was mine, I did not own the shade.

In my despair I cut it down, if not for shade or food
It might provide a cheerful fire if that was all it could.
Alas, although I had the tree I did not have the wood.

Reproduced by permission of Kayork K. KEMMURAN, from his guide book "ROMANTIC CYPRUS" 11th edition, page 197.

CYPRUS

The Secretary-General, U THANT, announced, on the 11th May, the appointment of Galo PLAZA of Ecuador as his special representative in Cyprus.

In his report to the Security Council on the 29th April, the Secretary-General referred to the urgent need to strengthen the mission in the island by the addition of a top-level political officer, who, on behalf of the Secretary-General, could conduct negotiations for the implementation of the programme which the Secretary-General had outlined in his report of the 29th April.

Mr PLAZA's assignment would initially be until 27th June 1964. He would be directly responsible to the Secretary-General, and his functions, U THANT stated, would not in any way impinge upon the efforts of the United Nations Mediator to find a long term solution to the problems of Cyprus, nor upon the functions of the Commander of the United Nations Force in Cyprus.

UNFICYP CIVILIAN POLICE STRENGTHENED

The civilian police force of The United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus

(UNFICYP) was strengthened by 40 members of the Swedish Police who arrived in Nicosia on the 6th May.

Australia informed the Secretary-General on the 7th May that it would provide 40 policemen for service in Cyprus with UNFICYP.

A New Zealand aircraft is expected to bring 25 New Zealand civilian police to Cyprus on the 25th May.

The first units of the Danish Contingent for UNFICYP began arriving in Nicosia on the 14th May. The full contingent is expected to be in Cyprus by the 10th June.



CAMBODIAN REQUEST

Cambodia, on 13th May, transmitted a complaint to the President of the council, in connection with "The repeated acts of aggression by the United States and South Vietnamese forces against the territory and the civilian population of Cambodia."

Cambodia asked him to call a meeting of the council

"As soon as possible to consider the situation resulting from these acts of aggression."

COMMITTEE ADOPTS RESOLUTION ON ADEN

The special committee of 24 on the ending of colonialism, in a resolution adopted on the 11th May, urged the United Kingdom to cease all military measures against the people of Aden and the Aden Protectorates.

Deprecating the military action by the British authorities against the people of the territory, the committee called the attention of the Security Council to the "Dangerous situation prevailing in the area"

The United Kingdom stated the resolution referred to its military action as if it had decided to march out and attack peaceful tribesmen. This was a complete travesty of the true situation. There was a deliberate campaign by a hostile neighbouring country to overthrow by violence the constitutional government of the South Arabian Federation and to undermine its progress towards independence, the United Kingdom added.

FORCE COMMANDER SPEAKS WITH THE PRESS

To be in the public eye means many contacts with the press. Often awkward questions are asked which must be very carefully answered and the danger of not answering a question can so easily be misinterpreted either as an agreement or otherwise with the point of the question.

On Thursday 14th May Lt. Gen. P.S. GYANI agreed to meet the press on an informal basis and the reporters had their awkward and "loaded" questions ready. The Force Commander parried this one, countered that one and often sent home to the questioner.

The one thread which emerged from this encounter was the point made by the Force Commander that what he saw in Cyprus must be within the terms of reference which he has been given by the Secretary-General, U THANT, and it would be wrong he said for him to go beyond those terms and act as each person expects him to act.

Asked about the effects which UNFICYP were making General GYANI pointed out "We are working on a step by step process. Our aim is to restore confidence in one field

before going on to another."

Speaking about escorting persons the Force Commander made it clear that his object was to get the people to trust each other. For UNFICYP to escort them everywhere would show that there was no trust.

To approach a problem in a constructive manner there must be peace and quiet. In this atmosphere the mediator would be able to carry out his task with people who are not emotionally involved. In this respect General GYANI referred to the tragic incident at Famagusta as a "Setback".

After many more questions which the Commander handled with ease the informal gathering came to an end.

The following day General GYANI and Archbishop MAKARIOS visited Famagusta to see the situation for themselves.

MEDAL FOR UNFICYP

It has been proposed to issue to troops of UNFICYP a United Nations Medal to commemorate the efforts being made by the Force to settle the Cyprus problem.

The design for the medal ribbon — thought up by the Personnel/Logistics Branch of HQ UNFICYP on Sunday 29th March — has been submitted to the United Nations Headquarters New York, for approval. It is made up of 3 larger sections interspersed with two smaller ones. The two outer sections of equal size are United Nations blue whilst the centre section of the same size is white. Between the outer and inner sections there are two small strips of dark blue representing the mediterranean.

The medal itself is likely to be the same as that issued for all other United Nations operations i.e., round in form and bearing on one side the emblem of the United Nations and the letters UN, whilst on the other side there is an inscription: "In the service of peace".

It is understood that details of the medal ribbon and regulations for its issue are now awaiting final approval.

REDEPLOYMENT

During the week a redeployment of forces took place in Nicosia and the Kyrenia Range. The Battalion Headquarters of the Royal 22e Regiment and the reconnaissance squadron of the Royal Canadian Dragoons moved into the Kyrenia Range area on Tuesday 12th May.

The 5th Coy of the Finnish Contingent took over the Neapolis area in northern Nicosia on Wednesday 13th May from 'A' Company of the Royal 22e Regiment of the Canadian Contingent. The other four companies of the Finnish Contingent are already deployed in Omorphita and the zone west of the Pedieos river in Nicosia.

Also on Wednesday 13th May the platoon of the Sherwood Foresters of the British Contingent ceased to be under the command of the Canadian Contingent and moved to their battalion headquarters at Elizabeth Camp in Nicosia.

FOR SALE - CAMERA

ROLLEI MAGIC Model No. 1. Fully automatic with famous auto-lever wind. f3.5 SCHNEIDAR XENAR 75 mm Coated lens, with case. Camera is brand new and still in maker's box. Sent from UK as a present there will be no customs duty on it. Price £55. Please contact Sgt R.H. ENTICKNAP, 1st BN FORESTERS, BFPO 53 or send your letter c/o of the "Blue Beret" and we will forward.

Yhdistyneiden Kansakuntien Suomem

Pataljoona No. 1



In addition to its present contingent serving in Cyprus the Battalion has in the past provided a company for a period of twelve months in Gaza and others in Lebanon and Sinai. The present battalion YKSP:1 — is however the first Finnish Unit to serve in the United Nations. YKSP:1 is not a regular Finnish battalion but is composed of approximately fifty regular soldiers and NCOs and the remainder volunteers from the reserve. All reservists spend about one year with the Infantry Brigade and with the Battalion.

YKSP:1 is armed and equipped to carry out its task in Cyprus in the quickest and most efficient manner. In this regard bicycles which are normally a part of equipment in Finland have been brought to maintain mobility.

It will be appreciated that climatic conditions in Finland and Cyprus differ widely. Moving from the cold northern winter to the warm mediterranean spring has called for a number of adjustments. Humourously, the Finnish officers and men comment that the Finnish Defence Force Headquarters did not insist on bringing skis!

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NEWS IN FINNISH

AIYA AIRINI ja FAMAGUSTA GATEN PARTIO

Monet suomalaiset ovat kuulleet jo puhuttavan Aiya Irinistä. Tällöin tarkoitetaan pientä, vähän toistasataa asukasta käsittävää kreikkalais-turkkilaista kylää saaren luoteisosassa. Kylä on ikivanha ja siellä on nähtävänä merkejä vanhasta kulttuurista, josta selvin on roomalaisten rakentaman tien pohja. Aiya Iriniin on sijoitettu tällä hetkellä yksi 4.JK:n joukkue. Aiya Irinissä suoritettava tehtävä lienee omittuisimpia ja erillisimpiä niistä tehtävistä, joita YK-joukot Kyproksessa ovat joutuneet suorittamaan.

Aiya Iriniin pidetään päivittäistä yhteyttä ja jopa pataljoonan komentaja mukanaan sotilaspassi on ehtinyt tutustumaan Aiya Iriniin. He tosin eivät tehneet matkaa keikkuvalla autolla vaan helikopterilla. Aiya Irinistä on myös muodostunut erikoislaatuinen tutustumiskohde lehdistölle ja Aiya Iriniin "vartiosta" on lehdistössä kirjoitettu enemmän kuin mistään muusta joukkueesta. Aiya Iriniin rahtahietikosta voi kuulla löytää vanhoja kreikkalaisittain muotoiltuja astioita, lähinnä kannuja ja vateja. Pikkupojat

kaivavat niitä hiekasta esiin. Meren läheisyys on tehnyt päivittäiset uintimatkat mahdollisiksi ja Aiya Iriniin pojat lienevätkin ruskeimmat suomalaiset tällä hetkellä. Kylässä on pidettävä YK-joukkoja, koska ulkopuoliset ovat häiriinneet kylän rauhaa. Itse kylässä vallitsee rauha molempien kansanosien välillä. Alueella on sekaisin useita turkkilaisia kreikkalaiskylä, mutta vain Aiya Iriniin on ollut tarpeen lähettää vartio.

Eri komppaniat lähettävät vuorokauden kunkin miehiään ns. Famagusta Gaten partioon. Partio ajaa radiolla varustetulla autollaan Famagusta Gatelle suuntautuvia teitä pitkin ja valvoo, että poliisin suorittamat tarkastukset ovat asiallisia ja tapahtuvat rauhallisesti. Tarkastuspisteitä on kaikkiaan kolme. Partiossa olevien on etenkin ruuhkaaikoina mielenkiintoista seurata liikennettä. Siinä on ajoneuvojen joukossa kärryä jos jonkinlaista. Sama koskee ihmisiä. Tämä partio on mielenkiintoisimpia "vartioitehtäviä", mitä suomalaisille Aiya Iriniin ohella on annettu.

KNOW YOUR GREEK AND TURKISH

GREEK	ENGLISH	TURKISH
Pós Sás Lénay?	What is your name?	Isminiz Nédir?
Onomázomay ...	My name is...	Ismim...
Póson Eton Eéstay?	How old are you?	Kach Yashindasiniz
Eémay ... Etón	I am... yrs old.	Ben... Yashindáyerm
Pou Káthestay?	Where do you live?	Nerede
Káthomay Séy ...	I live at...	Oturuyórsunuz?
		... De Oturuyórum

AMERICAN C-130

The plane which has brought many of UNFICYP troops to Cyprus.

In response to the request of the Secretary-General to form a United Nations Force for Cyprus the government of the United States of America announced that it would make available aircraft of the United States Air Force to fly Troops for the Force to Cyprus from their own countries. The American C-130 was chosen as the plane for this task on account of its range and capability.

The C-130 was first tested in 1954 and came into full use several years later, between 1959 and 1960. It is a four-engine prop aircraft with an approximate speed of 365 mph and carries a pay load of 35,000 pounds. Its seating capacity is variable, depending on the amount of freight carried, but on recent flights to Cyprus it has taken from 65 to 70 passengers in addition to material. Its approximate range is 3,650 miles with full pay load. American C-124s have also been used. These are much larger aircraft and are primarily freight carriers.

The C-130, used to bring troops to Cyprus, are stationed and serviced at Evreux, United States Air Force Base in France and so far have brought the following troops to Cyprus:- 990 Finns, 700 Irish, 800 Swedish and 50 Austrians. The Danish Contingent will also be flown in by C-130s.

United Nations Half-Hour, Cyprus Broadcasting Corporation.

The Cyprus Broadcasting Corporation broadcasts a United Nations programme each evening at 2030 hrs. They would like members of UNFICYP to send in any request they have for a record to be played on this programme to:- United Nations Programme, Cyprus Broadcasting Corporation, NICOSIA.

Ask for Another — Monday, Wednesday and Friday 0830 to 0920.

The British Forces Broadcasting Service would welcome requests for this programme from members of UNFICYP.

They have a good supply of French popular artists' records and would be very pleased to play records in any other language if they could be lent to them.

Address your requests to:- Ask for Another, British Forces Broadcasting Service, NICOSIA, CYPRUS.

LONELY HEARTS CLUB

A letter has been received from a young girl who writes:-

"I would like to know if you would have anybody who would like to write to me. I would love to hear from a soldier."

"Would you please let me know if one of the UNFICYP troops would like to write to me. Please, if you can get one not too old and let me know as soon as possible." Ann

Full name and Address will be supplied on request.

Mousetrap

A fieldmouse which stopped a British Overseas Airways Corporation airliner from leaving London Airport for New York recently cost the airline over £3,500. Over 30 of the 42 passengers transferred to another airline after being told the aircraft was being withdrawn for eight hours for disinfection.

FOR YOUR LISTENING

All times are local
SHORT WAVE

Canadian Broadcasting Corp

19 Metre Band	2201 (French)
25 & 31 Metre Band	2245 (English)

Radio Sweden

19 Metre Band	1645
25 Metre Band	2145 (English)
31 Metre Band	1815
19 Metre Band	1715
31 Metre Band	1845 (Swedish)
25 Metre Band	2015

Finnish Broadcasting Corp

25 Metre Band Finnish &	1200 — 1250 (Daily)
31 Metre Band Swedish	1830 — 2030 (Monday)
	1900 — 2005 (Friday)
	1800 — 1900 (All other days)
	0830 — 0850 (Sunday)
	0800 — 0820 (Weekdays) News

Austrian Radio

16 Metre Band	0800 — 1100 German, French and
19 Metre Band	1300 — 1600 English
25 Metre Band	1900 — 2200 Monday, Sat. & Sun.

British Broadcasting Corp.

19 Metre Band	0700 — 1000, 1130 — 2330
25 Metre Band	0500 — 1000, 1800 — 2330
31 Metre Band English	0500 — 1000, 2000 — 2330
41 Metre Band	0500 — 0630, 0745 — 1000
49 Metre Band	0500 — 1000

MEDIUM WAVE

British Broadcasting Corp.

428 Metres	0500 — 0545, 0745 — 1000
417/470 Metres English	0500 — 1145, 0745 — 1000

British Forces Broadcasting Service

208 Metres	0530 — 2315
213 Metres English	0530 — 2315

V H F

British Forces Broadcasting Service

92.1 Mc/s	0530 — 2315
99.6 Mc/s English	0530 — 2315

United Nations half-hour is broadcast each evening from 2030 to 2100 by the Cyprus Broadcasting Corporation on the medium wave 495 metres (606 Kc/s).

Local News in Swedish

Nu är det dags att utfärda den här varningen: Svenska pojkar var på er vakt! Det här landet är farligt på många sätt! Att det är farligt har överste Waerns driver Leif Ahlden upptäckt alldeles för sent, för redan efter en månad på denna underbart vackra ö har han fastnat i de garn som en vacker flicka vid namn Maria lagt ut för honom. Despinis, så heter fröken å grekiska, Maria är en sjuttonårig, mörkhårig, sammetsögd flicka från Morphou och när detta läses har de unga tu redan eklaterat sin förlovning och längre fram i sommar blir det väl ett festligt bröllop.

Men att förlova sig med en grekisk flicka är inte en historia bara mellan de båda parterna utan här är familjen också djupt engagerad. Och innan den gode Leif fick sitt efterlängtnade ja på frieriet från Maria, fick han allt lov att ställa upp inför hennes familjs granskande ögon och eftersom Leif tycker mycket om sin Maria, var det rätt nervösa ögonblick innan Marias far gav sitt högtidliga tillstyrkande. När äventyret för Leif är slut på den här ön drar han alltså norrut med sin Maria och hemma i Malmö skall han, ingå som kompanjon med sin far i en verkstadsrörelse med bensinstation. Och Maria, hon skall vara en ljuv hemmafru som kommer att gå omkring i slakteributikerna i Malmö och välja ut de bästa bitarna färdigt för att kunna laga "kebab" när Leif driver hemåt i kvällningen.

Skall vi alltså förena oss i ett

hjärtligt lycka till från den svenska FN-styrkan och önska att kärleken kall förbli lika högoktanigt lättånd uppe i den kalla nord som den visat sig vara här nere på Afrodites ö.

Fotboll.

Det cypriotiska landslaget, som är lottat mot Sverige i kvalificeringen till världsmästerskapet, har startat träningen inför matchen mot svenskarna. Datum för matchen är av naturliga skäl ej fastställt men generalsekreteraren i det cypriotiska fotbollsförbundet säger att det är deras fasta föresats att genomföra matchen trots oroligheterna. Tränare för det cypriotiska landslaget blir en gammal Sverige-bekant, ungraren Lajos, Szendrödi. Han har tidigare bl. a. tränat Djurgården det är de blårandiga hemförde allsvenskan sistu gången. Just nu är han tränare för det gotländska laget T Gute.

Så en nyhet för den svenska FN-styrkan: Som en förberedelse för VM-kvalet vill det cypriotiska landslaget möta ett utvalt lag från den svenska kontingenten. Matchen skall gå i Nicosia och få ren landskampskaraktär. Något att sikta på alltså för de svenska "landslagsaspiranterna" här på ön.

AN APPEAL FOR FIRST ISSUE OF THE BLUE BERET

There is a great demand for copies of the first issue of "The Blue Beret" (UNFICYP edition) published on Monday 20th April 1964.

If anyone has a copy of this first issue would he please return it to us as soon as possible (Address "The Blue Beret", Wolseley Barracks, HQ UNFICYP, Nicosia), or hand it to the Public Relations Officer of his Contingent.

REMINDER

DON'T FORGET THE BLUE BERET PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPETITION. Entries to be in by Monday 8 June.

For members of UNFICYP only, photos should be on themes of UNFICYP or CYP-RUS.

Please include with your photo details of No, Rank, Name, Contingent, Address, Home town, and a brief description of your career so far.

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